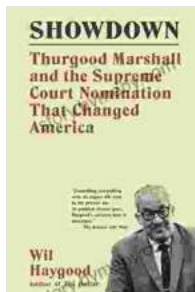


Thurgood Marshall and the Supreme Court Nomination That Changed America



Showdown: Thurgood Marshall and the Supreme Court Nomination That Changed America by Wil Haygood

★★★★☆ 4.7 out of 5

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Thurgood Marshall was born in Baltimore, Maryland, in 1908. He grew up in a poor family, but he was a brilliant student and went on to attend Howard University Law School. After graduating from law school, Marshall worked for the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People (NAACP) as a lawyer. He quickly became one of the NAACP's most

successful lawyers, and he argued and won several landmark cases before the Supreme Court.

In 1967, President Lyndon B. Johnson nominated Marshall to the Supreme Court. Marshall's nomination was controversial, and he faced opposition from some members of the Senate. However, he was eventually confirmed by a vote of 69-11. Marshall served on the Supreme Court for 24 years, and he wrote some of the most important decisions in the Court's history.

Marshall was a strong advocate for civil rights. He wrote the majority opinion in the landmark case of *Brown v. Board of Education*, which outlawed segregation in public schools. He also wrote the majority opinion in the case of *Loving v. Virginia*, which struck down laws against interracial marriage.

Marshall's Supreme Court nomination was a major milestone in the civil rights movement. It showed that African Americans could achieve the highest levels of success in American society. Marshall's legacy is one of fighting for justice and equality for all Americans.

Marshall's Early Life and Education

Thurgood Marshall was born on July 2, 1908, in Baltimore, Maryland. He was the son of William Marshall, a shipyard worker, and Norma Fay Marshall, a schoolteacher. Marshall grew up in a poor family, but he was a brilliant student. He attended Frederick Douglass High School, where he excelled in his studies.

After graduating from high school, Marshall attended Lincoln University in Pennsylvania. He was the first member of his family to attend college.

Marshall graduated from Lincoln University in 1930 with a degree in economics.

After graduating from college, Marshall attended Howard University Law School. He graduated from law school in 1933 with honors.

Marshall's Career with the NAACP

After graduating from law school, Marshall worked for the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People (NAACP) as a lawyer. He quickly became one of the NAACP's most successful lawyers, and he argued and won several landmark cases before the Supreme Court.

One of Marshall's most important cases was *Brown v. Board of Education*. In this case, Marshall argued that segregation in public schools was unconstitutional. The Supreme Court agreed with Marshall, and in 1954, it ruled that segregation in public schools was unconstitutional. This decision was a major victory for the civil rights movement.

Marshall also argued and won several other important cases before the Supreme Court. In the case of *Loving v. Virginia*, Marshall argued that laws against interracial marriage were unconstitutional. The Supreme Court agreed with Marshall, and in 1967, it struck down laws against interracial marriage.

Marshall's work with the NAACP helped to change the face of America. He was a strong advocate for civil rights, and he helped to make America a more just and equal society.

Marshall's Supreme Court Nomination

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Marshall's Supreme Court Career

Marshall served on the Supreme Court for 24 years. He was a strong advocate for civil rights, and he wrote some of the most important decisions in the Court's history.

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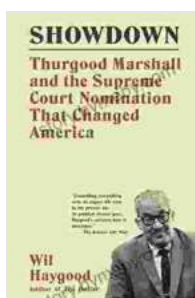
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Marshall's Supreme Court career was one of fighting for justice and equality for all Americans. He was a strong advocate for civil rights, and he helped to make America a more just and equal society.

Marshall's Legacy

Marshall's legacy is one of fighting for justice and equality for all Americans. He was a strong advocate for civil rights, and he helped to change the face of America. Marshall's Supreme Court nomination was a major milestone in the civil rights movement, and his Supreme Court career was one of fighting for justice and equality.

Marshall's legacy continues to inspire people today. He is a role model for all Americans, and he shows that anything is possible if you work hard and never give up.

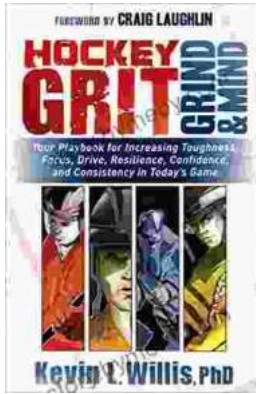


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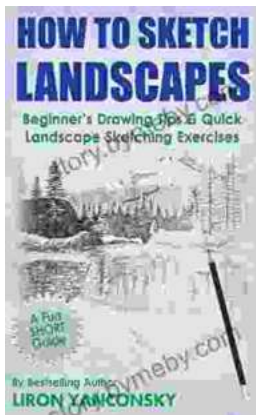
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